

Operator's manual **324R_X-SERIES**

Please read the operator's manual carefully and make sure you understand the instructions before using the machine.



English

KEY TO SYMBOLS

Symbols

WARNING! Careless or incorrect use can result in serious or fatal injury to the operator or others.



Please read the operator's manual carefully and make sure you understand the instructions before using the machine.



Always wear:

- A protective helmet where there is a risk of falling objects
- Hearing protection
- Approved eye protection



Max. speed of output shaft, rpm



This product is in accordance with applicable EC directives.



Watch out for thrown objects and ricochets.



The operator of the machine must ensure, while working, that no persons or animals come closer than 15 metres.



Machines fitted with saw blades or grass blades can be thrown violently to the side when the blade comes into contact with a fixed object. The blade is capable of amputating an arm or leg. Always keep people and animals at least 15 metres from the machine.



Arrows which show limits for handle positioning.



Always wear approved protective gloves.



Wear sturdy, non-slip boots.



Only use non-metallic, flexible cutting attachments, i.e. trimmer heads with trimmer cord.

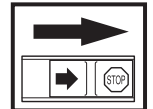


Noise emission to the environment according to the European Community's Directive. The machine's emission is specified in chapter Technical data and on label.



Other symbols/decals on the machine refer to special certification requirements for certain markets.

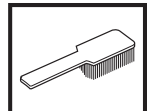
Switch off the engine by moving the stop switch to the STOP position before carrying out any checks or maintenance.



Always wear approved protective gloves.



Regular cleaning is required.



Visual check.



Approved eye protection must always be used.



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Note the following before starting:

Husqvarna AB has a policy of continuous product development and therefore reserves the right to modify the design and appearance of products without prior notice.



WARNING! Under no circumstances may the design of the machine be modified without the permission of the manufacturer. Always use genuine accessories. Non-authorized modifications and/or accessories can result in serious personal injury or the death of the operator or others.



WARNING! A clearing saw, brushcutter or trimmer can be dangerous if used incorrectly or carelessly, and can cause serious or fatal injury to the operator or others. It is extremely important that you read and understand the contents of this operator's manual.



WARNING! Long-term exposure to noise can result in permanent hearing impairment. So always use approved hearing protection.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Personal protective equipment

IMPORTANT! You must use approved personal protective equipment whenever you use the machine. Personal protective equipment cannot eliminate the risk of injury but it will reduce the degree of injury if an accident does happen. Ask your dealer for help in choosing the right equipment.



WARNING! Listen out for warning signals or shouts when you are wearing hearing protection. Always remove your hearing protection as soon as the engine stops.

HELMET

A helmet should be worn if the trees being cleared are taller than 2 m.



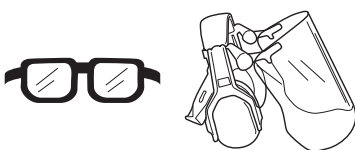
HEARING PROTECTION

Wear hearing protection that provides adequate noise reduction.



EYE PROTECTION

Always wear approved eye protection. If you use a visor then you must also wear approved protective goggles. Approved protective goggles must comply with standard ANSI Z87.1 in the USA or EN 166 in EU countries. Visors must comply with standard EN 1731.



GLOVES

Gloves should be worn when necessary, e.g., when fitting cutting attachments.



BOOTS

Wear sturdy, non-slip boots.



CLOTHING

Wear clothes made of a strong fabric and avoid loose clothing that can catch on twigs and branches. Always wear heavy, long pants. Do not wear jewellery, shorts sandals or go barefoot. Secure hair so it is above shoulder level.

FIRST AID KIT

Always have a first aid kit nearby.



Machine's safety equipment

This section describes the machine's safety equipment, its purpose, and how checks and maintenance should be carried out to ensure that it operates correctly. See the "What is what?" section to locate where this equipment is positioned on your machine.

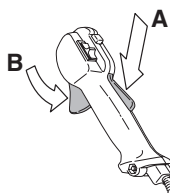
The life span of the machine can be reduced and the risk of accidents can increase if machine maintenance is not carried out correctly and if service and/or repairs are not carried out professionally. If you need further information please contact your nearest service workshop.



WARNING! Never use a machine that has faulty safety equipment! Carry out the inspection, maintenance and service routines listed in this section.

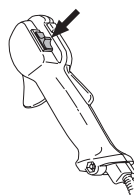
Throttle lock

The throttle lock is designed to prevent accidental operation of the throttle control. When you press the lock (A) (i.e. when you grasp the handle) it releases the throttle control (B). When you release the handle the throttle control and the throttle lock both move back to their original positions. This movement is controlled by two independent return springs. This arrangement means that the throttle control is automatically locked at the idle setting.



Stop switch

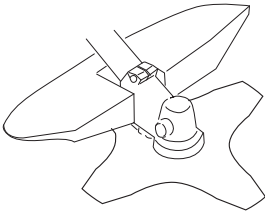
Use the stop switch to switch off the engine.



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Cutting attachment guard

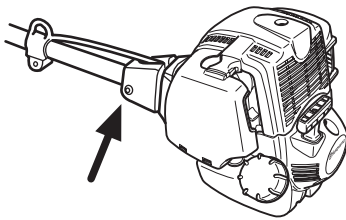
This guard is intended to prevent loose objects from being thrown towards the operator. The guard also protects the operator from accidental contact with the cutting attachment.



WARNING! Never use a cutting attachment without an approved guard. See the chapter on Technical data. If an incorrect or faulty guard is fitted this can cause serious personal injury.

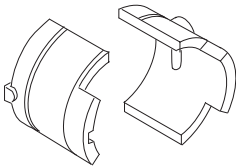
Vibration damping system

Your machine is equipped with a vibration damping system that is designed to minimize vibration and make operation easier.



Using incorrectly wound cord or a blunt or incorrect cutting attachment (wrong type or incorrectly filed, see instructions under the heading Filing the blade) increases the level of vibration.

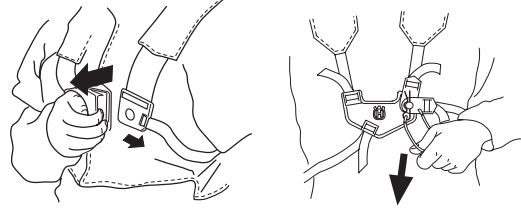
The machine's vibration damping system reduces the transfer of vibration between the engine unit/cutting equipment and the machine's handle unit.



WARNING! Overexposure to vibration can lead to circulatory damage or nerve damage in people who have impaired circulation. Contact your doctor if you experience symptoms of overexposure to vibration. Such symptoms include numbness, loss of feeling, tingling, pricking, pain, loss of strength, changes in skin colour or condition. These symptoms normally appear in the fingers, hands or wrists. The risk increases at low temperatures.

Quick release

There is an easily accessible, quick release fitted at the front as a safety precaution in case the engine catches fire, or in any other situation that requires you to free yourself from the machine and harness. See instructions under the heading Adjusting the harness and clearing saw.

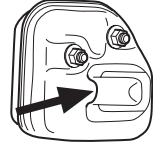


Muffler

The muffler is designed to keep noise levels to a minimum and to direct exhaust fumes away from the user. A muffler fitted with a catalytic converter is also designed to reduce harmful exhaust gases.



In countries that have a warm and dry climate there is a significant risk of fire. We therefore fit certain mufflers with a spark arrestor mesh. Check whether the muffler on your machine is fitted with this kind of mesh.



For mufflers it is very important that you follow the instructions on checking, maintaining and servicing your machine. See instructions under the heading Checking, maintaining and servicing the machine's safety equipment.



WARNING! Mufflers fitted with catalytic converters get very hot during use and remain so for some time after stopping. This also applies at idle speed. Contact can result in burns to the skin. Remember the risk of fire!



WARNING! The inside of the muffler contain chemicals that may be carcinogenic. Avoid contact with these elements in the event of a damaged muffler.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

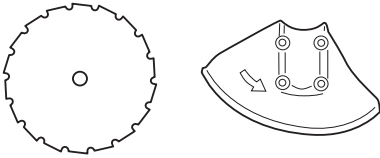


WARNING! Bear in mind that: Engine exhaust fumes contain carbon monoxide, which can cause carbon monoxide poisoning. For this reason you should not start or run the machine indoors, or anywhere that is poorly ventilated.

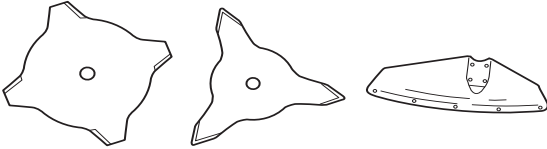
The exhaust fumes from the engine are hot and may contain sparks which can start a fire. Never start the machine indoors or near combustible material!

Cutting equipment

Saw blades are intended for cutting fibrous types of wood.



Grass blades and grass cutters are intended for cutting coarse grass.

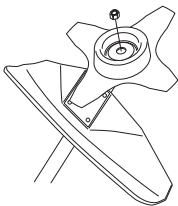


A trimmer head is intended for trimming grass.



Locking nut

A locking nut is used to secure some types of cutting attachment.



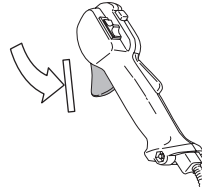
Checking, maintaining and servicing the machine's safety equipment

IMPORTANT!

All servicing and repair work on the machine requires special training. This is especially true of the machine's safety equipment. If your machine fails any of the checks described below you must contact your service agent. When you buy any of our products we guarantee the availability of professional repairs and service. If the retailer who sells your machine is not a servicing dealer, ask him for the address of your nearest service agent.

Throttle lock

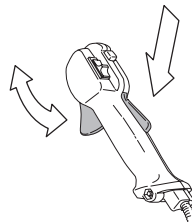
- Make sure the throttle control is locked at the idle setting when the throttle lock is released.



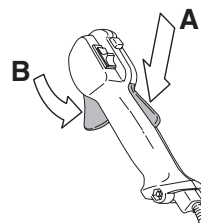
- Press the throttle lock and make sure it returns to its original position when you release it.



- Check that the throttle control and throttle lock move freely and that the return springs work properly.

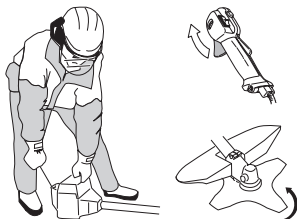


- The throttle lock is designed to prevent accidental operation of the throttle control. When you press the lock (A) (i.e. when you grasp the handle) it releases the throttle control (B). When you release the handle the throttle control and the throttle lock both move back to their original positions. This movement is controlled by two independent return springs. This arrangement means that the throttle control is automatically locked at the idle setting.



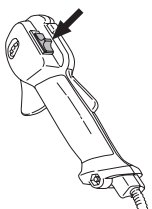
SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- See instructions under the heading Start. Start the machine and apply full throttle. Release the throttle and check that the cutting attachment stops and remains at a standstill. If the cutting attachment rotates with the throttle in the idle position then the carburettor idle setting must be checked. See instructions under the heading Maintenance.



Stop switch

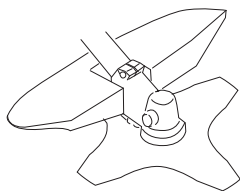
- Start the engine and make sure the engine stops when you move the stop switch to the stop setting.



Cutting attachment guard



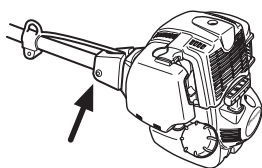
- Ensure that the guard is undamaged and is not cracked.
- Replace the guard if it has been exposed to impact or is cracked.
- Always use the recommended guard for the cutting attachment you are using. See chapter on Technical data.



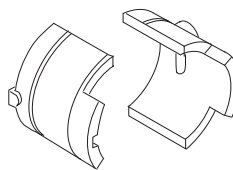
Vibration damping system



- Regularly check the vibration damping units for cracks or deformation.



- Check that the vibration damping element is undamaged and securely attached.



Muffler



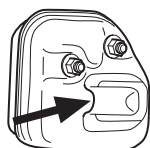
- Never use a machine that has a faulty muffler.



- Regularly check that the muffler is securely attached to the machine.



- If the muffler on your machine is fitted with a spark arrestor mesh then it should be cleaned regularly. A blocked mesh causes the engine to overheat, which can lead to serious damage. Never use a muffler with a defective spark arrestor mesh.



Cutting equipment

This section describes how to choose and maintain your cutting equipment in order to:

- Reduce the risk of blade thrust.
- Obtain maximum cutting performance.
- Extend the life of cutting equipment.

General rules

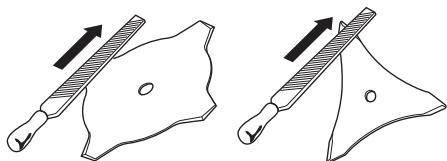


- 1 Only use cutting attachments with the guards we recommend! See the chapter on Technical data.

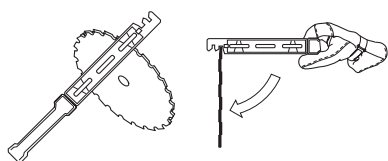


SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

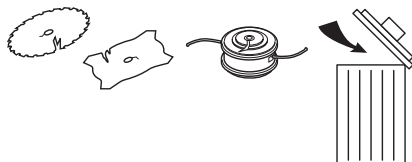
- 2 Keep the teeth of the blade correctly sharpened! Follow our instructions and use the recommended file gauge. An incorrectly sharpened or damaged blade increases the risk of accidents.



- 3 Maintain the correct blade setting! Follow our instructions and use the recommended blade setting tool. An incorrectly set blade increases the risk of jamming and kickback.

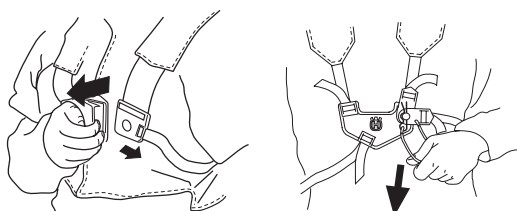


- 4 Check the cutting attachment for damage or cracks. A damaged cutting attachment should always be replaced.



Quick release

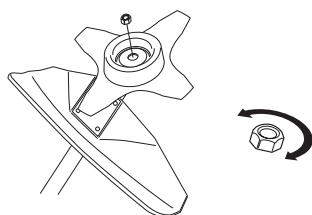
Check that the harness straps are correctly positioned. Once the harness and machine have been adjusted, check that the harness quick release works correctly.



Locking nut



- When fitting, tighten the nut in the opposite direction to the direction of rotation of the cutting attachment. To remove it, undo the nut in the same direction as the cutting attachment rotates. (CAUTION! The nut has a left-hand thread.)



- Tighten the nut using the socket spanner. 35-50 Nm (3.5-5 kpm).

CAUTION! The nylon lining inside the locking nut must not be so worn that you can turn it by hand. The lining should offer a resistance of at least 1.5 Nm. The nut should be replaced after it has been put on approx. 10 times.



WARNING! Never use a machine with faulty safety equipment. The machine's safety equipment must be checked and maintained as described in this section. If your machine fails any of these checks contact your service agent to get it repaired.

Cutting equipment

IMPORTANT!

This section describes how to choose and maintain your cutting equipment in order to:

Reduce the risk of blade thrust.

Obtain maximum cutting performance.

Extend the life of cutting equipment.

Only use cutting attachments with the guards we recommend! See the chapter on Technical data.

Refer to the instructions for the cutting attachment to check the correct way to load the cord and the correct cord diameter.

Keep the teeth of the blade correctly sharpened! Follow our recommendations. Also refer to the instructions on the blade packaging.

Maintain the correct blade setting! Follow our instructions and use the recommended file gauge.



WARNING! Using an incorrect cutting attachment or an incorrectly sharpened blade increases the risk of kickback.

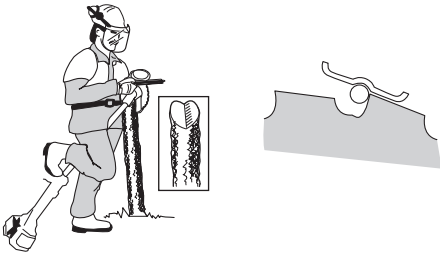
Sharpening the saw blade



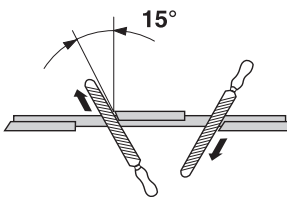
- See the cutting attachment packaging for correct sharpening instructions.
- A correctly sharpened blade is essential for working efficiently and to avoid unnecessary wear to the blade and clearing saw.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

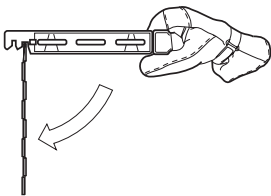
- Make sure that the blade is well supported when you file it. Use a 5.5 mm round file with a file holder.



- The filing angle is 15°. File alternate teeth to the right and those in between to the left. If the blade has been heavily pitted by stones it may be necessary to dress the top edges of the teeth with a flat file, in exceptional cases. If so, this should be done before filing with a round file. The top edges must be filed down by the same amount for all the teeth.



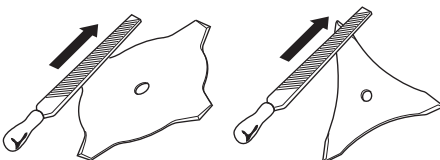
- Adjust the blade setting. This should be 1 mm.



Sharpening grass cutters and grass blades

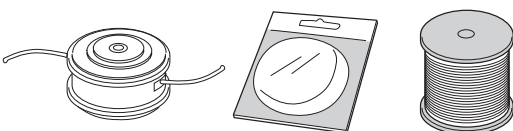


- See the cutting attachment packaging for correct sharpening instructions.
- Sharpen blades and cutters using a single-cut flat file.
- Sharpen all edges equally to maintain the balance of the blade.



Trimmer head

- Only use the recommended trimmer heads and trimmer cords. These have been tested by the manufacturer to suit a particular engine size. This is especially important when a fully automatic trimmer head is used. Only use the recommended cutting attachment. See the chapter on Technical data.



- Smaller machines generally require small trimmer heads and vice versa. This is because when clearing using a cord the engine must throw out the cord radially from the trimmer head and overcome the resistance of the grass being cleared.
- The length of the cord is also important. A longer cord requires greater engine power than a shorter cord of the same diameter.
- Make sure that the cutter on the trimmer guard is intact. This is used to cut the cord to the correct length.
- To increase the life of the cord it can be soaked in water for a couple of days. This will make the line tougher so that it lasts longer.

IMPORTANT! Always ensure the trimmer cord is wound tightly and evenly around the drum, otherwise the machine will generate harmful vibration.



WARNING! Always stop the engine before doing any work on the cutting attachment. This continues to rotate even after the throttle has been released. Ensure that the cutting attachment has stopped completely and disconnect the HT lead from the spark plug before you start to work on it.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

General safety precautions

IMPORTANT!

The machine is only designed for trimming grass, grass clearing and/or forestry clearing.

The only accessories you can operate with this engine unit are the cutting attachments we recommend in the chapter on Technical data.

Never use the machine if you are tired, if you have drunk alcohol, or if you are taking medication that could affect your vision, your judgement or your co-ordination.

Never use the machine in extreme weather conditions such as severe cold, very hot and/or humid climates.

Wear personal protective equipment. See instructions under the heading Personal protective equipment.

Never use a machine that has been modified in any way from its original specification.

Never use a machine that is faulty. Carry out the checks, maintenance and service instructions described in this manual. Some maintenance and service measures must be carried out by trained and qualified specialists. See instructions under the heading Maintenance.

All covers and guards must be fitted before starting. Make sure the spark plug cap and HT lead are not damaged. Otherwise you could get an electric shock.

The machine operator must ensure that no people or animals come closer than 15 metres while working. When several operators are working in the same area the safety distance should be at least twice the tree height and no less than 15 metres.



WARNING! Using an incorrect cutting attachment or an incorrectly filed blade can increase the risk of accidents.

Starting



WARNING! When the engine is started with the choke in either the choke or start throttle positions the cutting attachment will start to rotate immediately.

- The complete clutch cover and shaft must be fitted before the machine is started, otherwise the clutch can come loose and cause personal injury.
- Never start the machine indoors. Exhaust fumes can be dangerous if inhaled.
- Observe your surroundings and make sure that there is no risk of people or animals coming into contact with the cutting equipment.

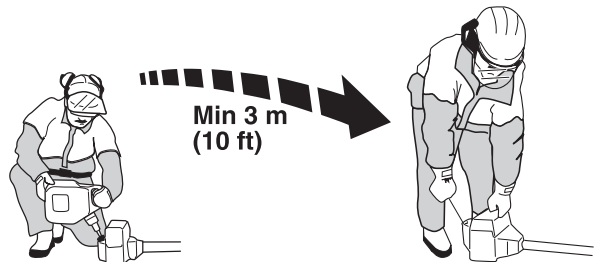
- Place the machine on the ground, ensure the cutting attachment is clear of twigs and stones. Hold the body of the machine on the ground using your left hand (CAUTION! Not with your foot). Then grip the starter handle with your right hand and pull the starter cord.



Fuel safety



- Always use a fuel container with an anti-spill valve.
- Never refuel the machine while the engine is running. Always stop the engine and let it cool for a few minutes before refuelling.
- Always ensure there is adequate ventilation when handling fuel.
- Move the machine at least 3 m from the refuelling point before starting it.
- Never start the machine:
 - 1 If you have spilt fuel on it. Wipe off the spillage and allow remaining fuel to evaporate.
 - 2 If you have spilt fuel on yourself or your clothes, change your clothes. Wash any part of your body that has come in contact with fuel. Use soap and water.
 - 3 If the machine is leaking fuel. Check regularly for leaks from the fuel cap and fuel lines.
 - 4 Avoid all skin contact with fuel. Fuel is a skin irritant and may even cause skin changes.



Transport and storage

- Store and transport the machine and fuel so that there is no risk of any leakage or fumes coming into contact with sparks or naked flames, for example, from electrical machinery, electric motors, electrical relays/switches or boilers.
- When storing and transporting fuel always use approved containers intended for this purpose.
- When storing the machine for long periods the fuel tank must be emptied. Contact your local petrol station to find out where to dispose of excess fuel.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- The transport guard must always be fitted to the cutting attachment when the machine is being transported or in storage.
- Ensure the machine is cleaned and that a complete service is carried out before long-term storage.



WARNING! Take care when handling fuel. Bear in mind the risk of fire, explosion and inhaling fumes.

General working instructions

IMPORTANT!

This section describes the basic safety precautions for working with clearing saws and trimmers.

If you encounter a situation where you are uncertain how to proceed you should ask an expert. Contact your dealer or your service workshop.

Avoid all usage which you consider to be beyond your capability.

You must understand the difference between forestry clearing, grass clearing and grass trimming before use.

Basic safety rules



- 1 Look around you:
 - To ensure that people, animals or other things cannot affect your control of the machine.
 - To ensure that people, animals, etc., do not come into contact with the cutting attachment or loose objects that are thrown out by the cutting attachment.
 - CAUTION! Do not use the machine unless you are able to call for help in the event of an accident.
- 2 Do not use the machine in bad weather, such as dense fog, heavy rain, strong wind, intense cold, etc. Working in bad weather is tiring and often brings added risks, such as icy ground, unpredictable felling direction, etc.
- 3 Make sure you can move and stand safely. Check the area around you for possible obstacles (roots, rocks, branches, ditches, etc.) in case you have to move suddenly. Take great care when working on sloping ground.



- 4 Switch off the engine before moving to another area. Fit the transport guard before carrying or transporting the equipment any distance.

- 5 Never put the machine down with the engine running unless you have it in clear sight.

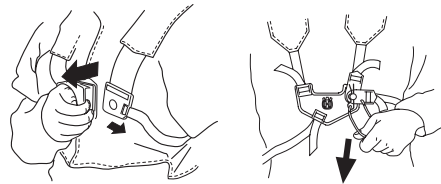
Adjusting the harness and clearing saw



WARNING! When using a clearing saw it must always be hooked securely to the harness. Otherwise you will be unable to control the clearing saw safely and this can result in injury to yourself or others. Never use a harness with a defective quick release. Always use a double harness that distributes the load across both shoulders.

Safety release

At the front is an easily accessible, quick release. Use this if the engine catches fire or in any other emergency situation that requires you to free yourself from the machine and harness.



Spreading the load on your shoulders

A well-adjusted harness and machine makes work much easier. Adjust the harness for the best working position. Tension the side straps so that the weight is evenly distributed across both shoulders.



Correct height

Adjust the shoulder strap so that the cutting attachment is parallel to the ground.



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Correct balance

Let the cutting attachment rest lightly on the ground. If you use a saw blade it should balance about 10 cm above the ground to prevent contact with stones and the like. Adjust the position of the support hook to balance the clearing saw correctly.

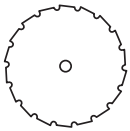


Basic working techniques

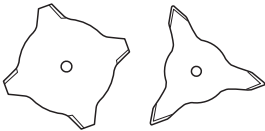
- Always slow the engine to idle speed after each working operation. Long periods at full throttle without any load on the engine can lead to serious engine damage.

Terms

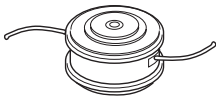
- Use a saw blade for cutting woody growth with thin stems.



- Use a grass cutter or grass blade for clearing grass.



- Use a trimmer head or plastic blades for lighter clearing work, for example along verges or around trees.



WARNING! Sometimes branches or grass get caught between the guard and cutting attachment. Always stop the engine before cleaning.

The ABC of clearing

Always use the correct equipment.

Make sure the equipment is well adjusted.

Follow the safety precautions.

Organise your work carefully.

Always use full throttle when starting to cut with the blade.

Always use sharp blades.

Avoid stones.



WARNING! Avoid cutting with the area of the blade between the 12 o'clock and 3 o'clock positions. Because of the speed of rotation of the blade kickback can occur if you attempt to cut thick stems with this area of the blade.

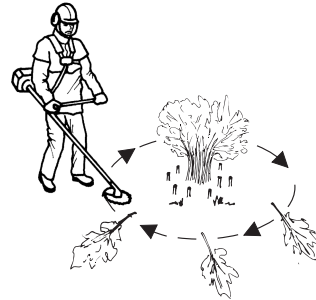
Working methods

- Before you start clearing, check the clearing area, the type of terrain, the slope of the ground, whether there are stones, hollows etc.
- On sloping ground you should work along the slope. It is much easier to work along a slope than it is to work up and down it.
- The strip should be planned so that you avoid going over ditches or other obstacles on the ground.

Brush cutting with a saw blade



- Cut through thin stems and brush. Work with a sawing movement, swinging sideways.



- Avoid cutting with the area of the blade between the 12 o'clock and 3 o'clock positions.



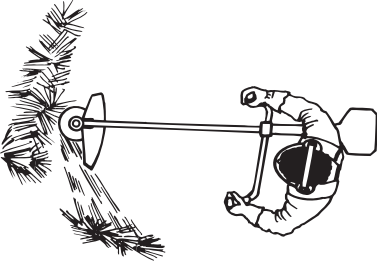
WARNING! If the blade jams in a stem, never jerk the machine free. If you do this the blade, bevel gear, shaft or handlebar may be damaged. Release the handles, grip the shaft with both hands and gently pull the machine free.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Grass clearing using a grass blade



- Grass blades and grass cutters must not be used on woody stems.
- A grass blade is used for all types of tall or coarse grass.
- The grass is cut down with a sideways, swinging movement, where the movement from right-to-left is the clearing stroke and the movement from left-to-right is the return stroke. Let the left-hand side of the blade (between 8 and 12 o'clock) do the cutting.



- If the blade is angled to the left when clearing grass, the grass will collect in a line, which makes it easier to collect, e.g. by raking.
- Try to work rhythmically. Stand firmly with your feet apart. Move forward after the return stroke and stand firmly again.
- Let the support cup rest lightly against the ground. It is used to protect the blade from hitting the ground.
- Reduce the risk of material wrapping around the blade by following these instructions:
 - 1 Always work at full throttle.
 - 2 Avoid the previously cut material during the return stroke.
- Stop the engine, unclip the harness and place the machine on the ground before you start to collect the cut material.



WARNING! Neither the operator of the machine nor anyone else may attempt to remove the cut material while the engine is running or the blade is rotating, as this can result in serious injury.

Stop the engine and blade before you remove material that has wound around the blade shaft as otherwise there is a risk of injury. The bevel gear can get hot during use and may remain so for a while afterwards. You could get burnt if you touch it.



WARNING! Watch out for thrown objects. Always wear eye protection. Never lean over the cutting attachment guard. Stones, rubbish, etc. can be thrown up into the eyes causing blindness or serious injury.

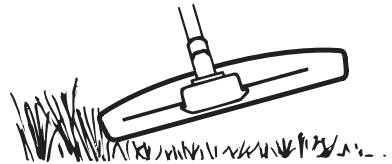
Keep unauthorised persons at a distance. Children, animals, onlookers and helpers should be kept outside the safety zone of 15 m. Stop the machine immediately if anyone approaches. Never swing the machine around without first checking behind you to make sure no-one is within the safety zone.

Grass trimming with a trimmer head

Trimming



- Hold the trimmer head just above the ground at an angle. It is the end of the cord that does the work. Let the cord work at its own pace. Never press the cord into the area to be cut.

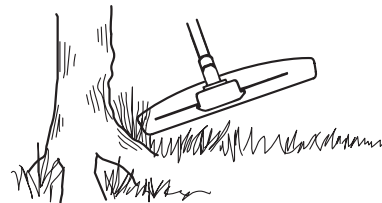


- The cord can easily remove grass and weeds up against walls, fences, trees and borders, however it can also damage sensitive bark on trees and bushes, and damage fence posts.
- Reduce the risk of damaging plants by shortening the cord to 10-12 cm and reducing the engine speed.

Clearing



- The clearing technique removes all unwanted vegetation. Keep the trimmer head just above the ground and tilt it. Let the end of the cord strike the ground around trees, posts, statues and the like. CAUTION! This technique increases the wear on the cord.



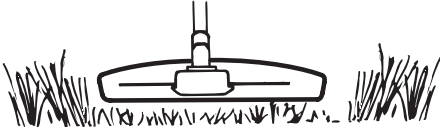
- The cord wears quicker and must be fed forward more often when working against stones, brick, concrete, metal fences, etc., than when coming into contact with trees and wooden fences.
- When trimming and clearing you should use less than full throttle so that the cord lasts longer and to reduce the wear on the trimmer head.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Cutting



- The trimmer is ideal for cutting grass that is difficult to reach using a normal lawn mower. Keep the cord parallel to the ground when cutting. Avoid pressing the trimmer head against the ground as this can ruin the lawn and damage the tool.

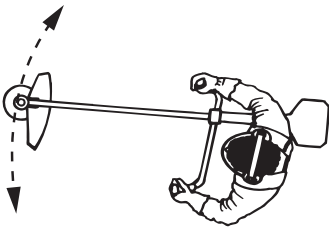


- Do not allow the trimmer head to constantly come into contact with the ground during normal cutting. Constant contact of this type can cause damage and wear to the trimmer head.

Sweeping



- The fan effect of the rotating cord can be used for quick and easy clearing up. Hold the cord parallel to and above the area to be swept and move the tool to and fro.



- When cutting and sweeping you should use full throttle to obtain the best results.



WARNING! Neither the operator of the machine nor anyone else may attempt to remove the cut material while the engine is running or the blade is rotating, as this can result in serious injury.

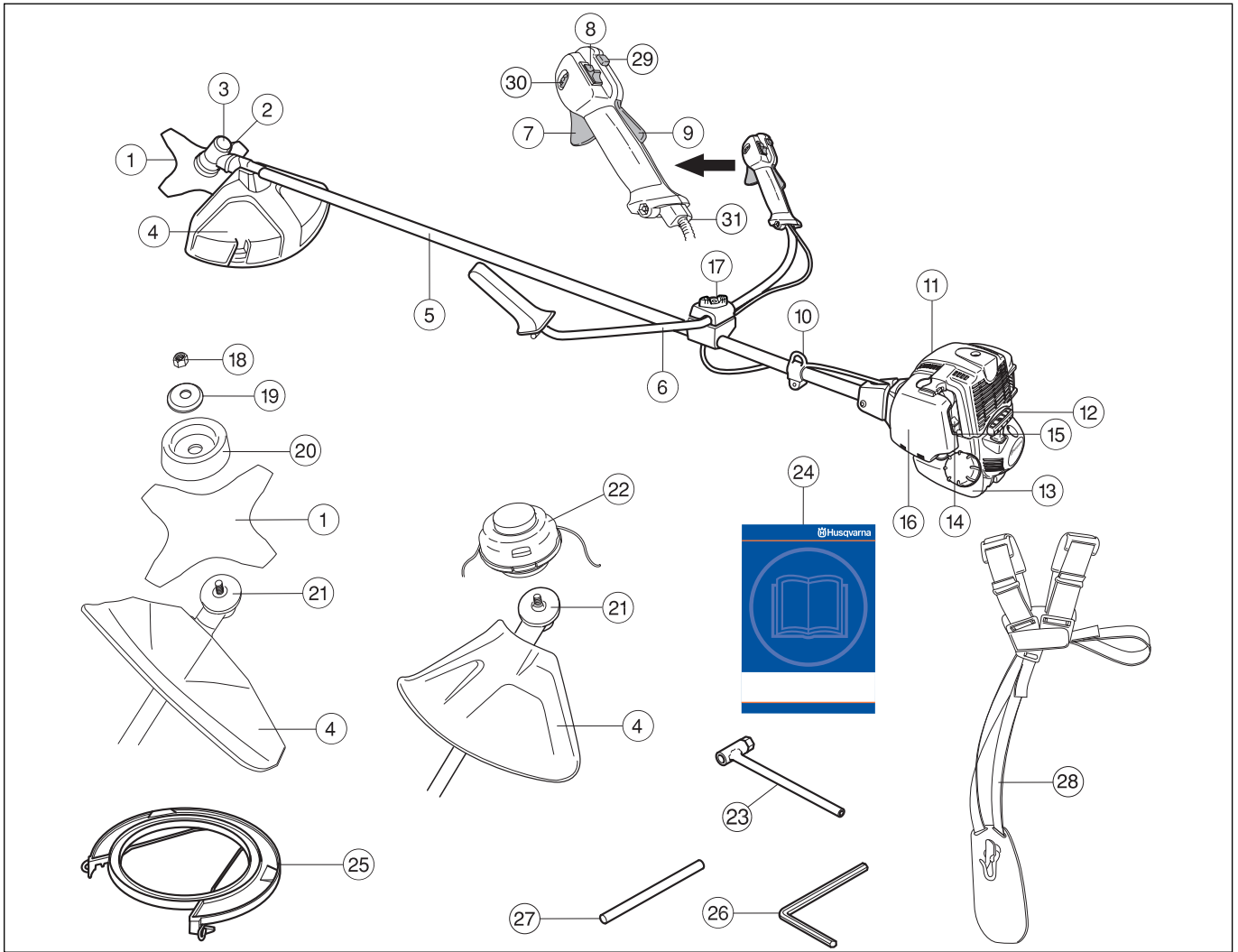
Stop the engine and blade before you remove material that has wound around the blade shaft as otherwise there is a risk of injury. The bevel gear can get hot during use and may remain so for a while afterwards. You could get burnt if you touch it.



WARNING! Watch out for thrown objects. Always wear eye protection. Never lean over the cutting attachment guard. Stones, rubbish, etc. can be thrown up into the eyes causing blindness or serious injury.

Keep unauthorised persons at a distance. Children, animals, onlookers and helpers should be kept outside the safety zone of 15 m. Stop the machine immediately if anyone approaches.

WHAT IS WHAT?



What is what on the clearing saw?

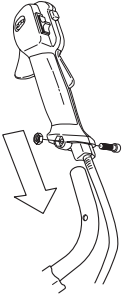
- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 Blade | 17 Handle adjustment |
| 2 Grease filler cap, bevel gear | 18 Locking nut |
| 3 Bevel gear | 19 Support flange |
| 4 Cutting attachment guard | 20 Support cup |
| 5 Shaft | 21 Drive disc |
| 6 Handlebar | 22 Trimmer head |
| 7 Throttle control | 23 Socket spanner |
| 8 Stop switch | 24 Operator's manual |
| 9 Throttle lock | 25 Transport guard |
| 10 Support eyes for harness | 26 Allen key |
| 11 Cylinder cover | 27 Locking pin |
| 12 Starter handle | 28 Harness |
| 13 Fuel tank | 29 Start throttle button |
| 14 Choke control | 30 Part throttle dial |
| 15 Air purge | 31 Adjusting the throttle wire |
| 16 Air filter cover | |

ASSEMBLY

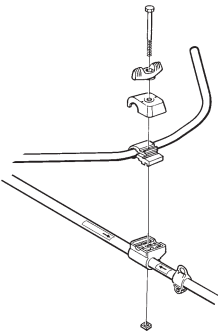
Fitting the handlebar



- Remove the screw at the rear of the throttle handle.
- Slide the throttle handle onto the right side of the handlebar, (see diagram).



- Align the screw hole in the throttle handle with the hole in the handlebar.
- Refit the screw in the hole in the rear of the throttle handle.
- Screw the screw through the handle and handlebar. Tighten it.
- Unscrew the knob from the handlebar mounting.
- Position the handlebar as shown. Fit the mounting components and tighten the knob lightly.



- Put on the harness and hang the machine from the support hook. Now make a final adjustment so that the machine is in a comfortable working position when it hangs from the harness.

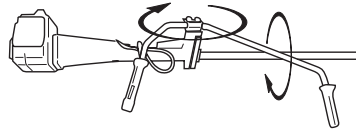
Tighten the knob.



Transport position, handlebar



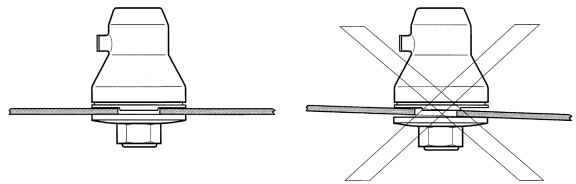
- The handlebar can easily be turned to fit along the shaft for easier transportation and storage.
- Loosen the knob. Turn the handlebar clockwise so that the throttle handle rests against the engine.
- Now twist the handlebar around the shaft. Tighten the knob.



- Fit the transport guard to the cutting attachment.

Fitting blades and trimmer heads

- When fitting the cutting attachment it is extremely important that the raised section on the drive disc/support flange engages correctly in the centre hole of the cutting attachment. If the cutting attachment is fitted incorrectly it can result in serious and/or fatal personal injury.

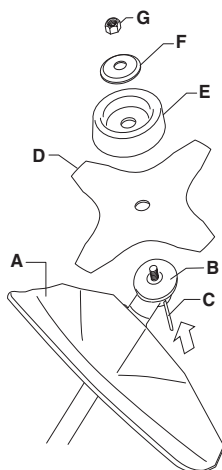


WARNING! Never use a cutting attachment without an approved guard. See the chapter on Technical data. If an incorrect or faulty guard is fitted this can cause serious personal injury.

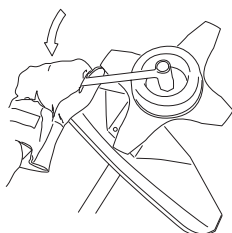
IMPORTANT! If a saw blade or grass blade are to be used the machine must be equipped with the correct handlebar, blade guard and harness.

ASSEMBLY

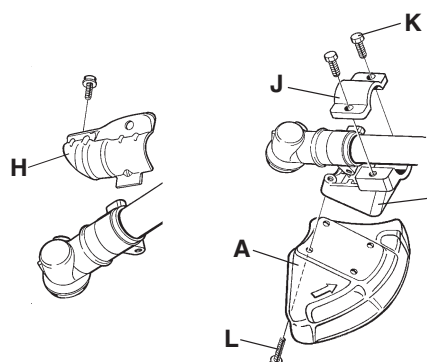
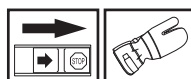
Fitting a blade guard, grass blade and grass cutter



- Hook the blade guard/combination guard (A) onto the fitting on the shaft and secure with the bolt.
- CAUTION! Use the recommended blade guard. See the Technical data section.
- Fit the drive disc (B) on the output shaft.
 - Turn the blade shaft until one of the holes in the drive disc aligns with the corresponding hole in the gear housing.
 - Insert the locking pin (C) in the hole to lock the shaft.
 - Place the blade (D), support cup (E) and support flange (F) on the output shaft.
 - Fit the nut (G). The nut must be tightened to a torque of 35-50 Nm (3.5-5 kpm). Use the socket spanner in the tool kit. Hold the shaft of the spanner as close to the blade guard as possible. To tighten the nut, turn the spanner in the opposite direction to the direction of rotation (Caution! left-hand thread).

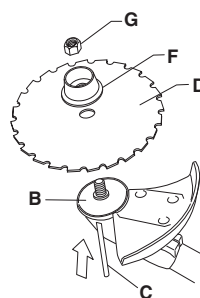


Fitting the blade guard and saw blade

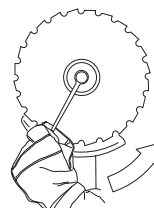


- Remove the mounting plate (H). Fit the adapter (I) and bracket (J) with the two screws (K) as shown. Fit the blade guard (A) to the adapter using the 4 screws (L) as shown.

CAUTION! Use the recommended blade guard. See the Technical data section.



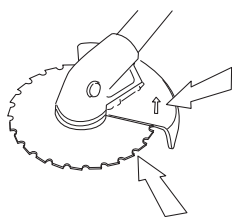
- Fit the drive disc (B) on the output shaft.
- Turn the blade shaft until one of the holes in the drive disc aligns with the corresponding hole in the gear housing.
- Insert the locking pin (C) in the hole to lock the shaft.
- Place the blade (D) and support flange (F) on the output shaft.
- Fit the nut (G). The nut must be tightened to a torque of 35-50 Nm (3.5-5 kpm). Use the socket spanner in the tool kit. Hold the shaft of the spanner as close to the blade guard as possible. To tighten the nut, turn the spanner in the opposite direction to the direction of rotation (Caution! left-hand thread).



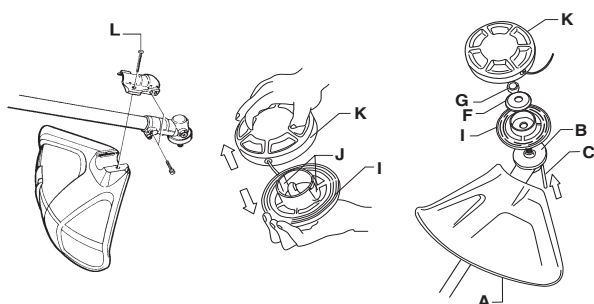
- When loosening and tightening the saw blade nut, there is a risk of injury from the teeth of the saw blade. You should therefore always ensure that your hand is shielded by the blade guard when doing this. Always use a socket spanner with a shaft that is long enough to allow this. The

ASSEMBLY

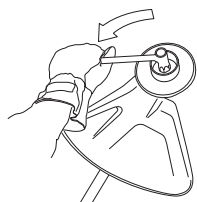
arrow in the diagram shows the area where you should operate the socket spanner when loosening or tightening the nut.



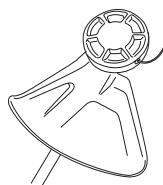
Fitting a trimmer guard and Superauto II 1" trimmer head



- Fit the correct trimmer guard (A) for use with the trimmer head. Hook the trimmer guard/combination guard onto the fitting on the shaft and secure with the bolt (L).
- Fit the drive disc (B) on the output shaft.
- Turn the blade shaft until one of the holes in the drive disc aligns with the corresponding hole in the gear housing.
- Insert the locking pin (C) in the hole to lock the shaft.
- To fit the trimmer head, first separate the two halves (see diagram). Proceed as follows:
 - Insert a finger into the centre hole of the cover (I) while grasping the cover with your other fingers. Using the index finger and thumb of your other hand, release the two catches (J) that engage in the cut-outs in the bottom half (K). Pull apart the trimmer head, grasping the cover firmly.
- Place the cover (I) and the support flange (F) on the output shaft.
- Fit the nut (G). Tighten the nut to a torque of 35-50 Nm (3.5-5 kpm). Use the socket spanner in the tool kit. Grasp the handle of the spanner as close to the trimmer guard as possible.
- To tighten the nut, turn the spanner in the opposite direction to the direction of rotation (Caution! left-hand thread).



- Fit the bottom half of the trimmer head (K) to the cover (I) by pressing them together, with the cut-outs on the bottom half aligned with the catches on the cover.

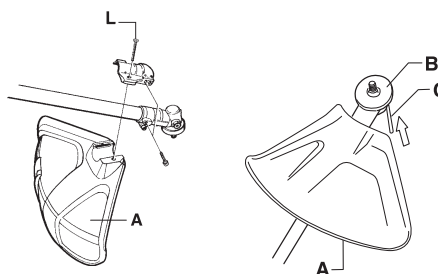


- To dismantle, follow the instructions in the reverse order.

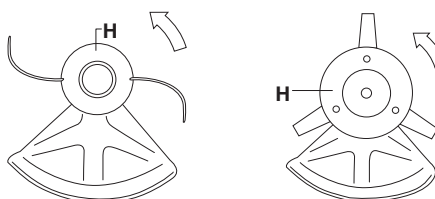
Fitting other guards and cutting attachments



- Fit the trimmer guard/combination guard (A) intended for use with the trimmer head/plastic blades. Hook the guard onto the fitting on the shaft and secure it with the bolt (L).



- Fit the drive disc (B) on the output shaft.
- Turn the blade shaft until one of the holes in the drive disc aligns with the corresponding hole in the gear housing.
- Insert the locking pin (C) in the hole to lock the shaft.
- Screw on the trimmer head/plastic blades (H) in the opposite direction to the direction of rotation.



- To dismantle, follow the instructions in the reverse order.

ASSEMBLY

Adjusting the harness and clearing saw



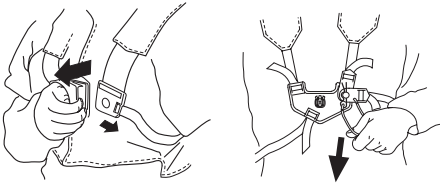
WARNING! When using a clearing saw it must always be hooked securely to the harness. Otherwise you will be unable to control the clearing saw safely and this can result in injury to yourself or others. Never use a harness with a defective quick release.

Standard harness



Quick release

At the front is an easily accessible, quick release. Use this if the engine catches fire or in any other emergency situation that requires you to free yourself from the machine and harness.



Spreading the load on your shoulders

A well-adjusted harness and machine makes work much easier. Adjust the harness for the best working position. Tension the side straps so that the weight is evenly distributed across both shoulders.



Correct height

Adjust the shoulder strap so that the cutting attachment is parallel to the ground.



Correct balance

Let the cutting attachment rest lightly on the ground. If you use a saw blade it should balance about 10 cm above the ground to prevent contact with stones and the like. Adjust the position of the support hook to balance the clearing saw correctly.



FUEL HANDLING

Fuel



CAUTION! The machine is equipped with a four-stroke engine. Make sure that there is always sufficient oil in the oil tank.



WARNING! Always ensure there is adequate ventilation when handling fuel.

The catalytic converter muffler gets very hot during and after use. This also applies during idling. Be aware of the fire hazard, especially when working near flammable substances and/or vapours.

Petrol

- Use high-grade unleaded petrol of at least 86 octane.
- If the machine is not used for some time the fuel tank should be emptied and cleaned.

Engine oil

Check the oil level before starting the machine. A too low oil level can cause serious damage to the engine.

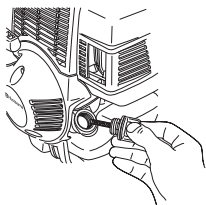
When the machine is new the engine oil should be changed after the first month or after 10 hours of operation.

- For the best result and function use HUSQVARNA engine oil.
- When HUSQVARNA engine oil is not available another high grade engine oil can be used. Contact your dealer when selecting oil. Mineral oil or semisynthetic oil should be used. In general SAE 10W-40 is recommended.
- Never use oil intended for two-stroke engines.

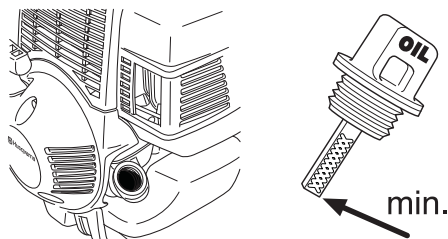
Oil level

The machine must be switched off and placed on a flat surface when you check the oil level.

Unscrew the oil cap, clean the dipstick located on the cap and insert the cap again without screwing it down. Check the oil level on the dipstick.



When the oil level is low, top up using engine oil to the edge of the oil refill hole.



Only use recommended engine oil.

Fuelling



WARNING! Taking the following precautions, will lessen the risk of fire:

Do not smoke or place hot objects near fuel.

Always shut off the engine before refuelling.

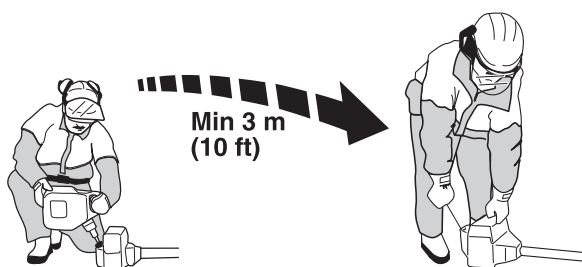
When refuelling, open the fuel cap slowly so that any excess pressure is released gently.

Tighten the fuel cap carefully after refuelling.

Always move the machine away from the refuelling area before starting.

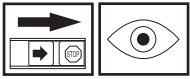
Clean around the fuel cap. Clean the fuel and oil tank regularly. The fuel filter should be changed at least once a year. Contamination in the tanks causes malfunction.

Always move the machine about 3 metres from the refuelling position before starting.

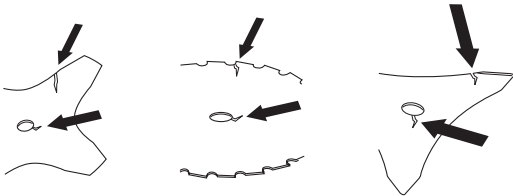


STARTING AND STOPPING

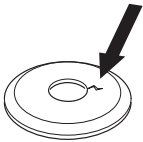
Check before starting



- Check the blade to ensure that no cracks have formed at the bottom of the teeth or by the centre hole. The most common reason why cracks are formed is that sharp corners have been formed at the bottom of the teeth while sharpening or that the blade has been used with dull teeth. Discard a blade if cracks are found.



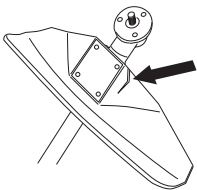
- Check that the support flange is not cracked due to fatigue or due to being tightened too much. Discard the support flange if it is cracked.



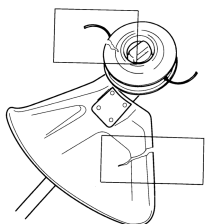
- Ensure the locking nut has not lost its captive force. The nut lock should have a locking force of at least 1.5 Nm. The tightening torque of the locking nut should be 35-50 Nm.



- Check that the blade guard is not damaged or cracked. Replace the blade guard if it is exposed to impact or is cracked.



- Check that the trimmer head and trimmer guard are not damaged or cracked. Replace the trimmer head or trimmer guard if they have been exposed to impact or are cracked.



- Never use the machine without a guard nor with a defective guard.
- All covers must be correctly fitted and undamaged before you start the machine.

Starting and stopping



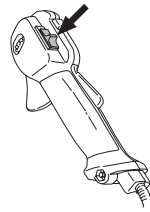
WARNING! The complete clutch cover and shaft must be fitted before the machine is started, otherwise the clutch can come loose and cause personal injury.

Always move the machine away from the refuelling area before starting. Place the machine on a flat surface. Ensure the cutting attachment cannot come into contact with any object.

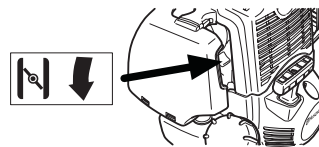
Make sure no unauthorised persons are in the working area, otherwise there is a risk of serious personal injury. The safety distance is 15 metres.

Cold engine

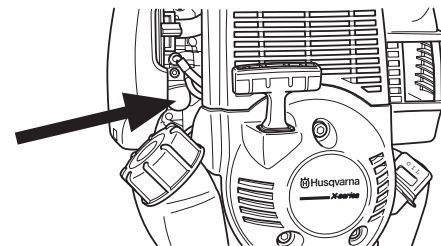
Ignition: Set the stop switch to the start position.



Choke: Set the choke control in the choke position.



Primer bulb: Press the primer bulb repeatedly until fuel begins to fill the bulb. The bulb need not be completely filled.

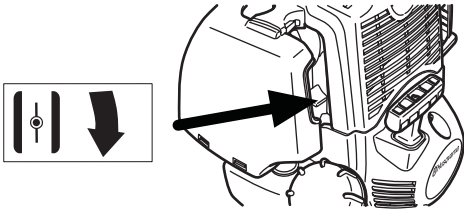


STARTING AND STOPPING

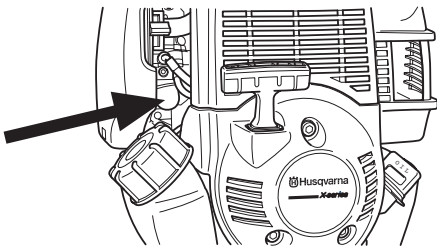
Warm engine

Ignition: Set the stop switch to the start position.

Choke: Put the choke in working position.

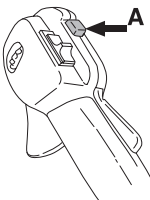


Primer bulb: Press the primer bulb repeatedly until fuel begins to fill the bulb. The bulb need not be completely filled.



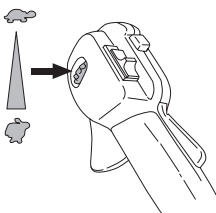
For throttle handles with a start throttle lock:

Set the throttle to the start position by first pressing the throttle lock and the throttle trigger, then pressing the start throttle button (A). Then release the throttle lock and the throttle trigger, followed by the start throttle button. The throttle function is now activated. To return the engine to idle, press the throttle lock and throttle trigger again.



PART THROTTLE FUNCTION

It is possible to set the engine for part throttle operation using the dial on the side of the throttle handle. Turn the dial up to decrease the part throttle rpm. Turn the dial down to increase the part throttle rpm. When you have set the part throttle rpm you will feel increased resistance when you press the throttle trigger. This increased resistance makes it easier to maintain a constant part throttle setting. To obtain full throttle, press the throttle trigger a little harder so that it goes past the part throttle setting. As soon as you release the throttle trigger the engine will return to idle. The part throttle function does not lock the engine at a given rpm, it is simply a brake that makes it easier to maintain the engine at a given rpm.



Starting

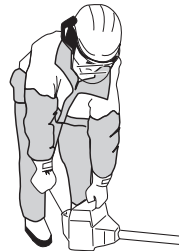


WARNING! When the engine is started with the choke in either the choke or start throttle positions the cutting attachment will start to rotate immediately.

Hold the body of the machine on the ground using your left hand (CAUTION! Not with your foot!). Grip the starter handle, slowly pull out the cord with your right hand until you feel some resistance (the starter pawls grip), now quickly and powerfully pull the cord. **Never twist the starter cord around your hand.**

Repeat pulling the cord until the engine starts. When the engine starts, return choke control to run position and apply full throttle; the throttle will automatically disengage from the start setting.

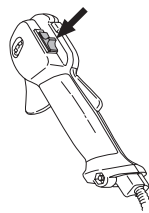
CAUTION! Do not pull the starter cord all the way out and do not let go of the starter handle when the cord is fully extended. This can damage the machine.



Stopping



Stop the engine by switching off the ignition.



MAINTENANCE

Carburettor



WARNING! The complete clutch cover and shaft must be fitted before the machine is started, otherwise the clutch can come loose and cause personal injury.

Function



- The carburettor governs the engine's speed via the throttle control. Air and fuel are mixed in the carburettor. The air/fuel mixture is adjustable. Correct adjustment is essential to get the best performance from the machine.
- Adjusting the carburettor involves adapting the engine to suit local conditions, e.g. climate, altitude and the petrol.

Basic setting

The basic carburettor settings are adjusted during testing at the factory.

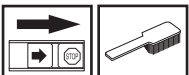
The carburettor should be adjusted to prevent damaging the engine when the machine is always used at altitudes over 1500 metres above seal level.

CAUTION! For optimum adjustment of the carburettor, contact a qualified dealer/service workshop that has a revolution counter at their disposal.



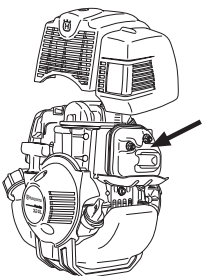
WARNING! If the idle speed cannot be adjusted so that the cutting attachment stops, contact your dealer/service workshop. Do not use the machine until it has been correctly adjusted or repaired.

Muffler

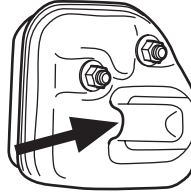


CAUTION! Some mufflers are fitted with a catalytic converter. See chapter on Technical data to see whether your machine is fitted with a catalytic converter.

The muffler is designed to reduce the noise level and to direct the exhaust gases away from the operator. The exhaust gases are hot and can contain sparks, which may cause fire if directed against dry and combustible material.



The muffler on your machine is equipped with a spark arrestor mesh, this should be cleaned regularly. A blocked mesh will cause the engine to overheat and may lead to serious damage.

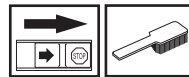


CAUTION! Never use a machine with a defective muffler.

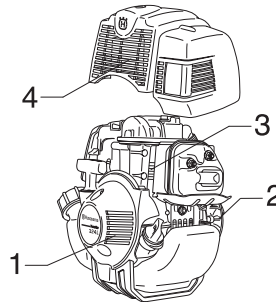


WARNING! Mufflers fitted with catalytic converters get very hot during use and remain so for some time after stopping. This also applies at idle speed. Contact can result in burns to the skin. Remember the risk of fire!

Cooling system



To keep the working temperature as low as possible the machine is equipped with a cooling system.



The cooling system consists of:

- 1 Air intake on the starter.
- 2 Fins on the flywheel.
- 3 Cooling fins on the cylinder.
- 4 Cylinder cover (directs cold air over the cylinder).

Clean the cooling system with a brush once a week, more often in demanding conditions. A dirty or blocked cooling system results in the machine overheating which causes damage to the piston and cylinder.

Spark plug



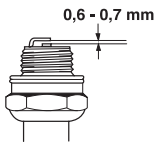
The spark plug condition is influenced by:

- Incorrect carburettor adjustment.
- A dirty air filter.

These factors cause deposits on the spark plug electrodes, which may result in operating problems and starting difficulties.

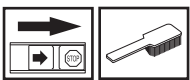
MAINTENANCE

If the machine is low on power, difficult to start or runs poorly at idle speed: always check the spark plug first before taking any further action. If the spark plug is dirty, clean it and check that the electrode gap is 0,6-0,7 mm. The spark plug should be replaced after about a month in operation or earlier if necessary.



CAUTION! Always use the recommended spark plug type! Use of the wrong spark plug can damage the piston/cylinder. Check that the spark plug is fitted with a suppressor.

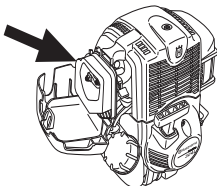
Air filter



The air filter must be regularly cleaned to remove dust and dirt in order to avoid:

- Carburettor malfunctions
- Starting problems
- Loss of engine power
- Unnecessary wear to engine parts.
- Excessive fuel consumption.

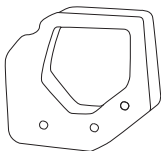
Clean the filter every 25 hours, or more regularly if conditions are exceptionally dusty.



Cleaning the air filter

Remove the air filter cover and take out the filter. Wash it clean in warm, soapy water.

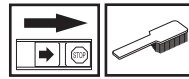
Ensure that the filter is dry before refitting it.



An air filter that has been in use for a long time cannot be cleaned completely. The filter must therefore be replaced with a new one at regular intervals. **A damaged air filter must always be replaced.**

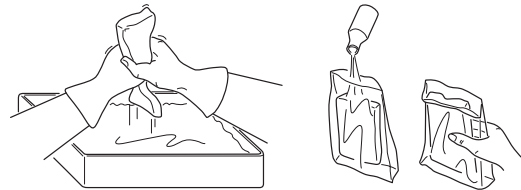
If the machine is used in dusty conditions the air filter should be soaked in oil. See instructions under the heading Oiling the air filter.

Oiling the air filter



Always use HUSQVARNA filter oil, art. no. 531 00 92-48. The filter oil contains a solvent to make it spread evenly through the filter. You should therefore avoid skin contact.

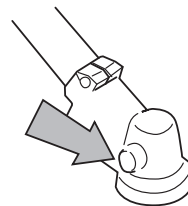
Put the filter in a plastic bag and pour the filter oil over it. Knead the plastic bag to distribute the oil. Squeeze the excess oil out of the filter inside the plastic bag and pour off the excess before fitting the filter to the machine. Never use common engine oil. This would drain through the filter quite quickly and collect in the bottom.



Bevel gear

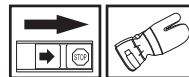


The bevel gear is filled with the right quantity of grease at the factory. However, before using the machine you should check that the bevel gear is filled three-quarters full with grease. Use HUSQVARNA special grease.



The grease in the bevel gear does not normally need to be changed except if repairs are carried out.

Sharpening grass cutters and grass blades

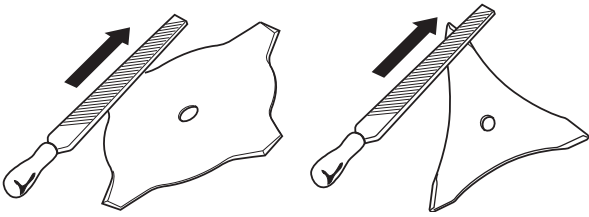


WARNING! Always stop the engine before doing any work on the cutting attachment. This continues to rotate even after the throttle has been released. Ensure that the cutting attachment has stopped completely and disconnect the HT lead from the spark plug before you start to work on it.

- See the cutting attachment packaging for correct sharpening instructions.
- Sharpen blades and cutters using a single-cut flat file.

MAINTENANCE

- Sharpen all edges equally to maintain the balance of the blade.



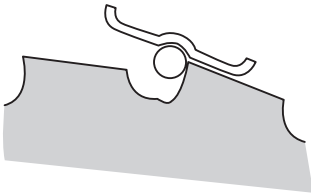
WARNING! Always discard a blade that is bent, twisted, cracked, broken or damaged in any other way. Never attempt to straighten a twisted blade so that it can be reused. Only use original blades of the specified type.

Sharpening the saw blade

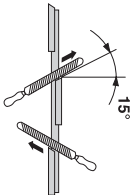


WARNING! Using an incorrect cutting attachment or an incorrectly sharpened blade increases the risk of kickback.

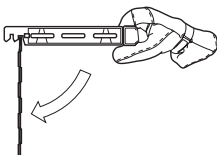
- See the cutting attachment packaging for correct sharpening instructions.
- A correctly sharpened blade is essential for working efficiently and to avoid unnecessary wear to the blade and clearing saw.
- Make sure that the blade is well supported when you file it. Use a 5.5 mm round file with a file holder.



- The filing angle is 15°. File alternate teeth to the right and those in between to the left. If the blade has been heavily pitted by stones it may be necessary to dress the top edges of the teeth with a flat file, in exceptional cases. If so, this should be done before filing with a round file. The top edges must be filed down by the same amount for all the teeth.



- Adjust the blade setting. This should be 1 mm.

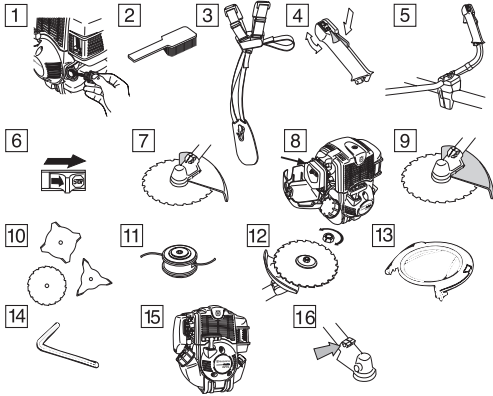


MAINTENANCE

Maintenance schedule

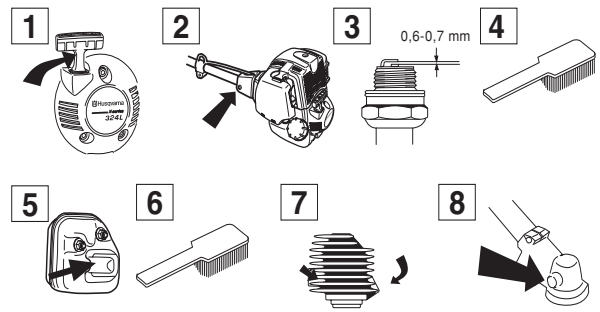
Below you will find some general maintenance instructions. If you need further information please contact your service workshop.

Daily maintenance



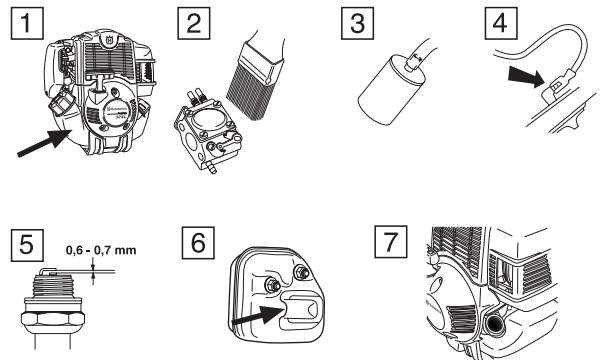
- 1 Check the engine oil level and top up if necessary.
- 2 Clean the outside of the machine.
- 3 Check that the harness is not damaged.
- 4 Check that the components of the throttle control work safely. (Throttle lock and throttle control.)
- 5 Check that the handle and handlebar are undamaged and secured correctly.
- 6 Check that the stop switch works correctly.
- 7 Check that the cutting attachment does not rotate at idle.
- 8 Clean the air filter. Replace if necessary.
- 9 Check that the guard is undamaged and not cracked. Replace the guard if it has been exposed to impact or is cracked.
- 10 Check that the blade is correctly centred, is sharp, and is not cracked. An off-centre blade will cause vibration that could result in damage to the machine.
- 11 Check that the trimmer head is undamaged and not cracked. Replace the trimmer head if necessary.
- 12 Check that the locking nut is tight.
- 13 Check that the transport guard for the blade is intact and that it can be secured correctly.
- 14 Check that nuts and screws are tight.
- 15 Check that there are no fuel leaks from the engine, tank or fuel lines.
- 16 Check that the screws that hold the bevel gear are tight.

Weekly maintenance



- 1 Check the starter and starter cord.
- 2 Check that the vibration damping elements are not damaged.
- 3 Clean the outside of the spark plug. Remove it and check the electrode gap. Adjust the gap to 0,6-0,7 mm or replace the spark plug. Check that the spark plug is fitted with a suppressor.
- 4 Clean the cooling fins on the flywheel.
- 5 Clean or replace the spark arrestor mesh on the muffler.
- 6 Clean the carburettor compartment.
- 7 Clean the cooling fins on the cylinder and check that the air intake near the starter is not blocked.
- 8 Check that the bevel gear is filled three-quarters full with lubricant. Fill if necessary using special grease.

Monthly maintenance



- 1 Clean the fuel tank.
- 2 Clean the outside of the carburettor and the space around it.
- 3 Check the fuel filter and the fuel hose. Replace if necessary.
- 4 Check all cables and connections.
- 5 Replace the spark plug. Check that the spark plug is fitted with a suppressor.
- 6 Check and clean the spark arrestor mesh on the muffler.
- 7 Change the engine oil.

TECHNICAL DATA

Technical data

	324Rx
Engine	
Cylinder displacement, cm ³	25,0
Cylinder bore, mm	35
Stroke, mm	26
Idle speed, rpm	3100
Recommended max. fast idle speed, rpm	11000
Speed of output shaft, rpm	8300
Max. engine output, acc. to ISO 8893, kW/ rpm	0,8 / 7000
Catalytic converter muffler	No
Speed-regulated ignition system	No
Ignition system	
Manufacturer/type of ignition system	Ikeda
Spark plug	NGK CMR5H
Electrode gap, mm	0,6
Fuel and lubrication system	
Manufacturer/type of carburettor	Walbro
Fuel tank capacity, litre	0,5
Weight	
Weight without fuel, cutting attachment and guard, kg	5,5
Noise emissions	
(see note 1)	
Sound power level, measured dB(A)	105
Sound power level, guaranteed L _{WA} dB(A)	106
Noise levels	
(see note 2)	
Equivalent noise pressure level at the operator's ear, measured according to EN/ISO 11806 and ISO 7917, dB(A), min./max.:	89/97
Vibration levels	
Vibration levels at handles, measured according to EN/ISO 11806 and ISO 7916, m/s ²	
At idle, left/right handles, min.:	1,3/1,3
At idle, left/right handles, max.:	1,7/1,6
At max. speed, left/right handles, min.:	3,1/2,6
At max. speed, left/right handles, max.:	5,2/4,1

Note 1: Noise emissions in the environment measured as sound power (L_{WA}) in conformity with EC directive 2000/14/EC.

Note 2: Equivalent sound pressure level is calculated as the time-weighted energy total for sound pressure levels under various working conditions with the following time distribution: 1/2 idling and 1/2 max speed.

NOTE! The noise pressure level at operator's ear and vibrations on the handles are measured with all the approved cutting attachments for the machine. The table indicates the lowest and highest values.

TECHNICAL DATA

324Rx		
Approved accessories	Type	Cutting attachment guard, Art. no.
Blade shaft thread M10		
Grass blade/grass cutter	Grass 255-4 1" (Ø 255 4-teeth)	503 93 42-02
	Grass 255-8 1" (Ø 250 8-teeth)	503 93 42-02
Saw blade	Maxi X 200-26 1" (Ø 200 26 teeth)	537 21 71-01
	Scarlet 200-22 1" (Ø 200 22 teeth)	537 21 71-01
Plastic blades	Tricut Ø 255 mm	503 93 42-02 / 503 97 71-01
	Tricut Ø 300 mm	503 93 42-02
Trimmer head	Trimmy Fix	503 93 42-02 / 503 97 71-01
	Superauto II 1"	503 93 42-02 / 503 97 71-01
	S35	503 93 42-02 / 503 97 71-01
	T25	503 93 42-02 / 503 97 71-01
	T35	503 93 42-02 / 503 97 71-01
Support cup	Fixed	-

TECHNICAL DATA

EC-declaration of conformity (Applies to Europe only)

We, **Husqvarna AB**, SE-561 82 Huskvarna, Sweden, tel: +46-36-146500, declare that the clearing saws **Husqvarna 324Rx** with serial numbers dating from 2004 onwards (the year is clearly stated on the rating plate, followed by the serial number), comply with the requirements of the COUNCIL'S DIRECTIVE:

of June 22, 1998 "relating to machinery" **98/37/EC**, annex IIA.

of May 3, 1989 "relating to electromagnetic compatibility" **89/336/EEC**, and applicable supplements.

of May 8, 2000 "relating to the noise emissions in the environment" **2000/14/EC**.

For information relating to noise emissions, see the chapter Technical data.

The following standards have been applied: **EN292-2, CISPR 12:1997, EN ISO 11806**.

SMP Svensk Maskinprovning AB, Fyrisborgsgatan 3, SE-754 50 Uppsala, Sweden, has performed voluntary type examination on behalf of Husqvarna AB. The certificates are numbered: **SEC/04/1012, 01/164/039** - 324Rx

Huskvarna 15 March, 2004

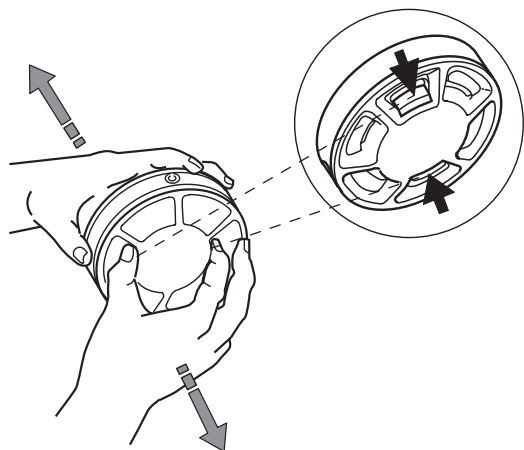


Bo Andréasson, Development manager

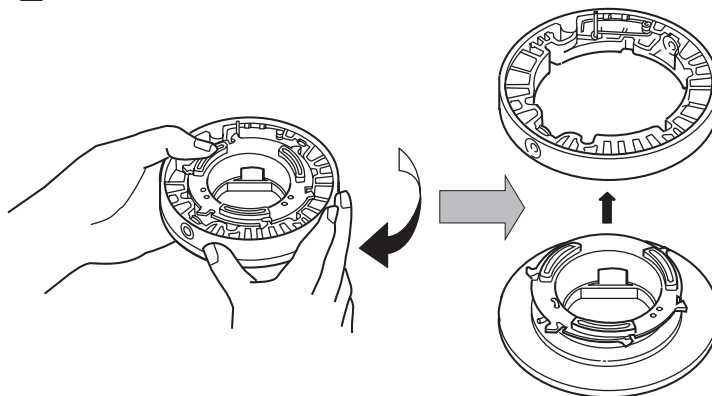
Super Auto II Super Auto II 1"



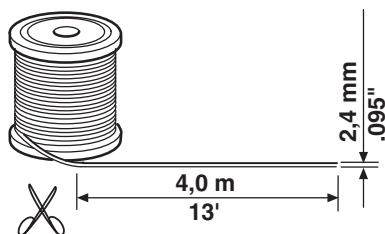
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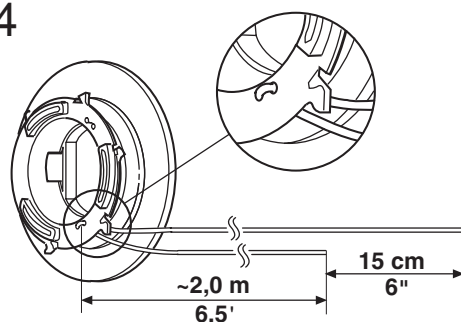
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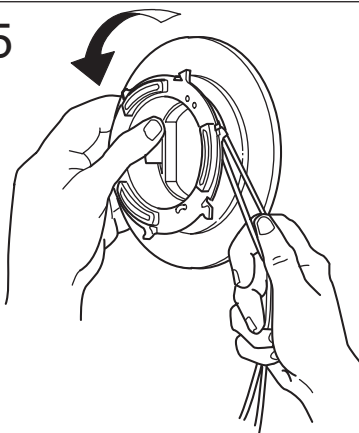
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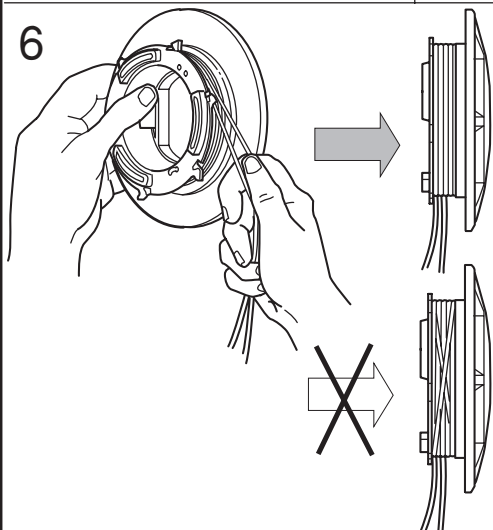
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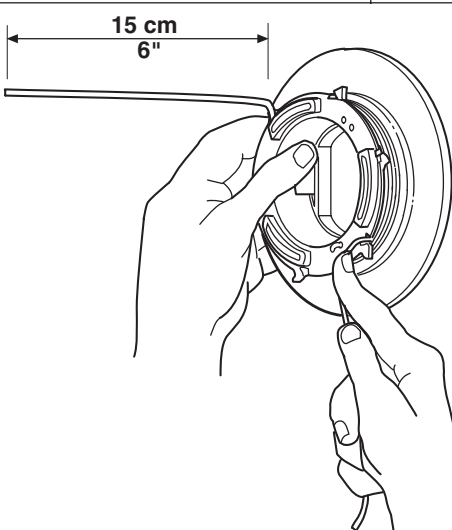
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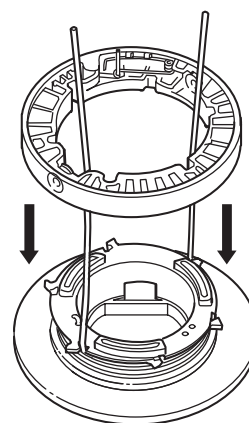
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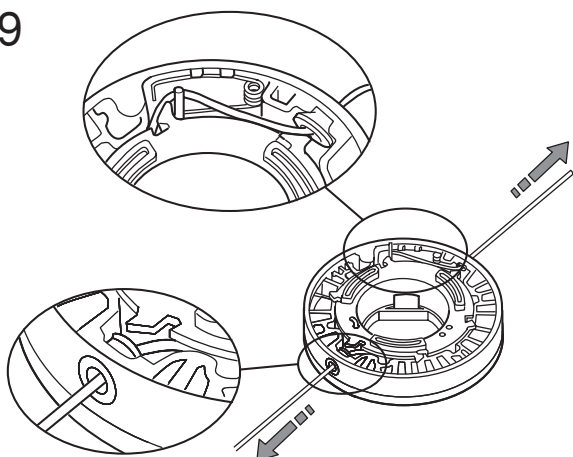
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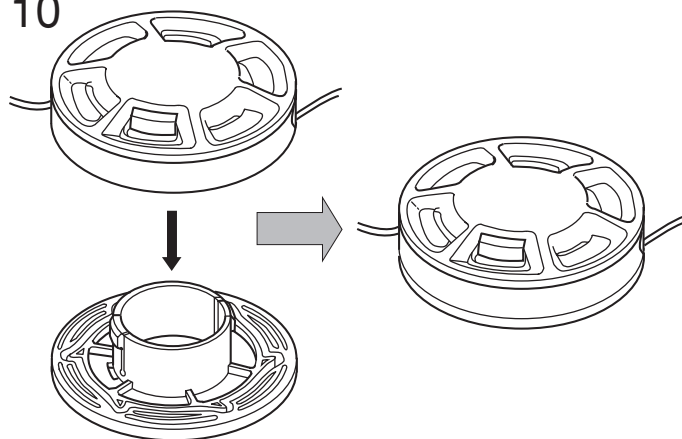
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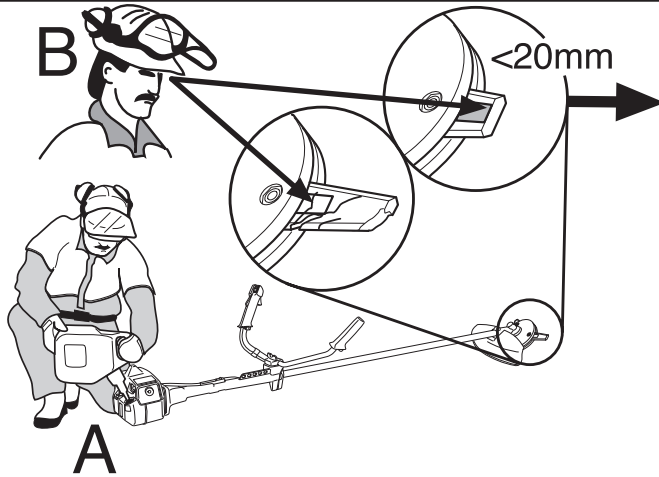


Tri Cut

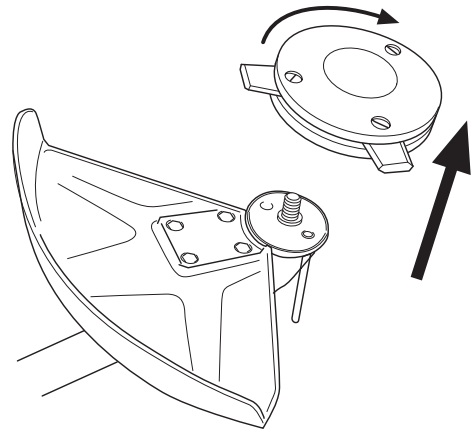


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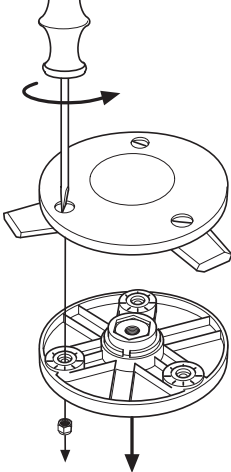
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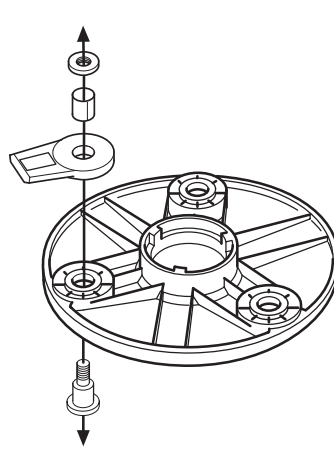
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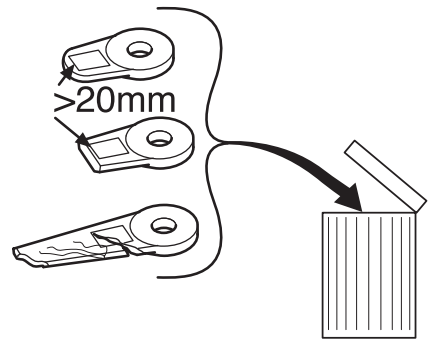
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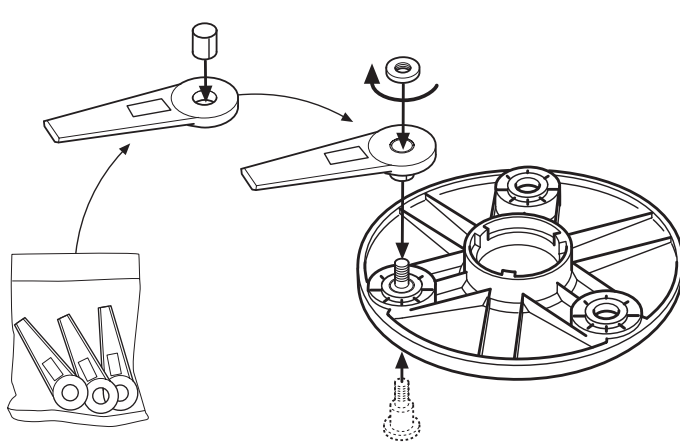
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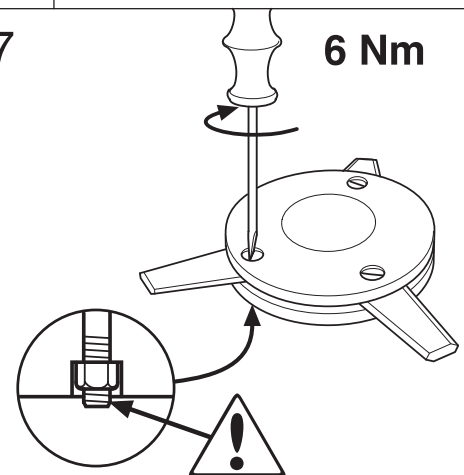
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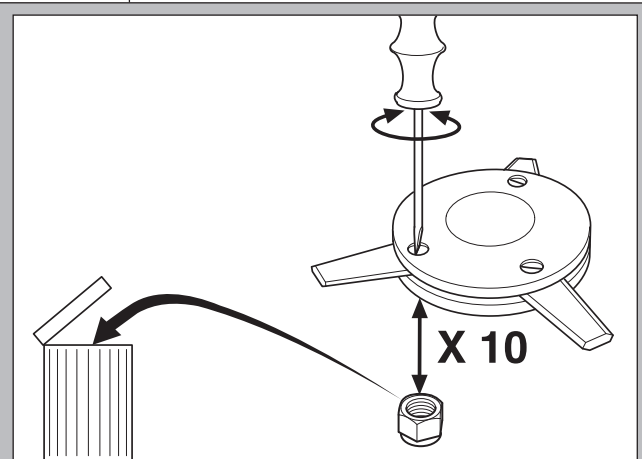
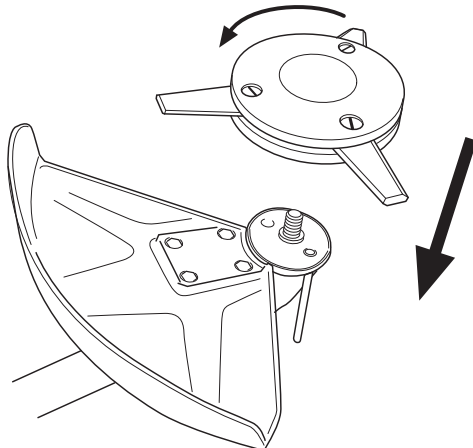
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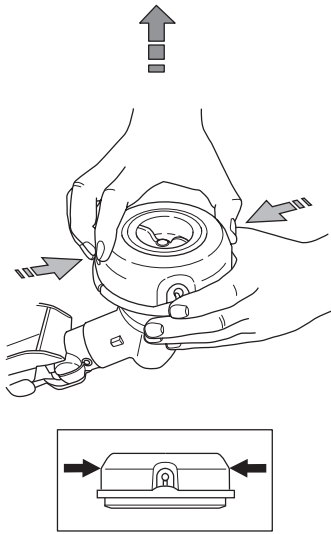
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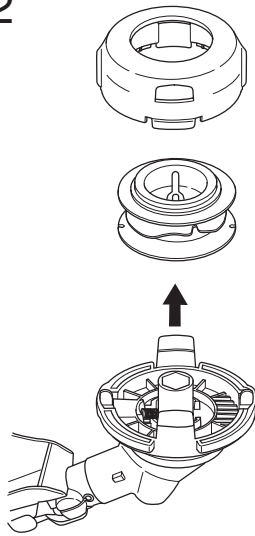
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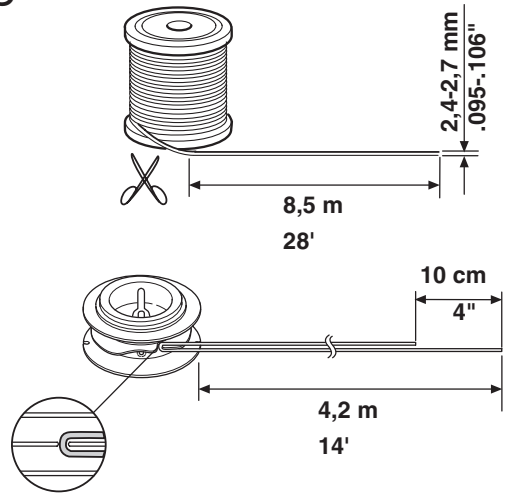
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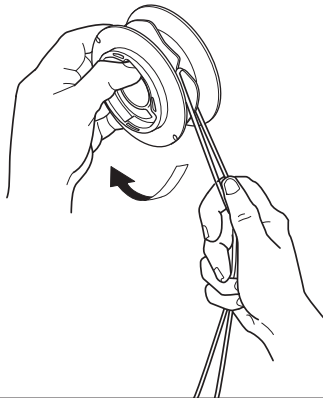
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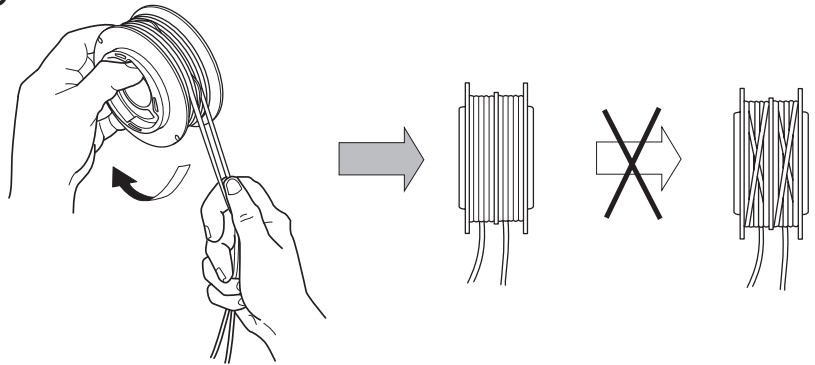
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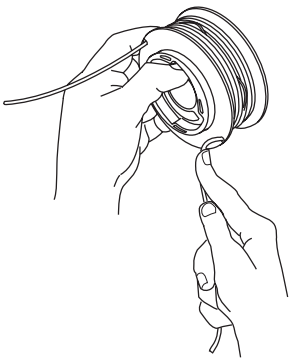
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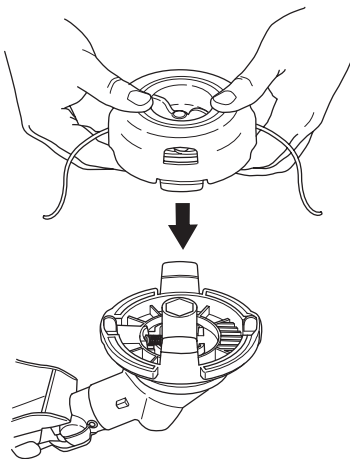
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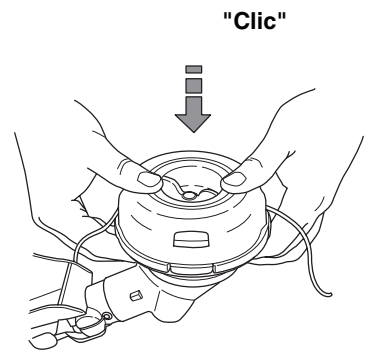
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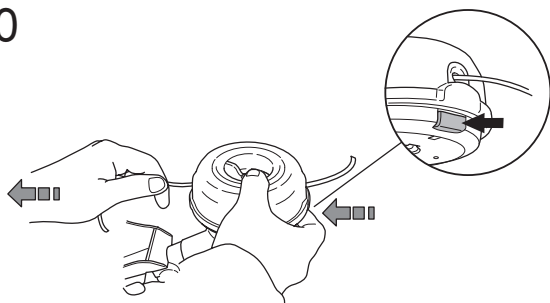
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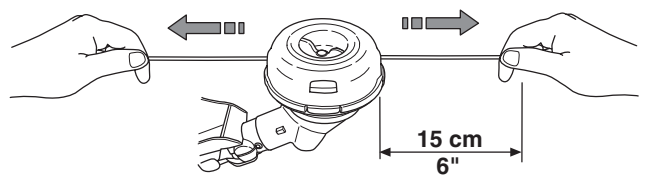
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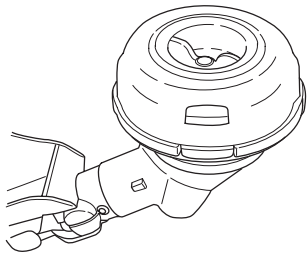
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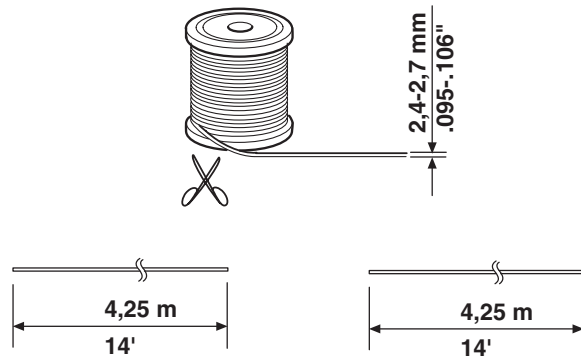
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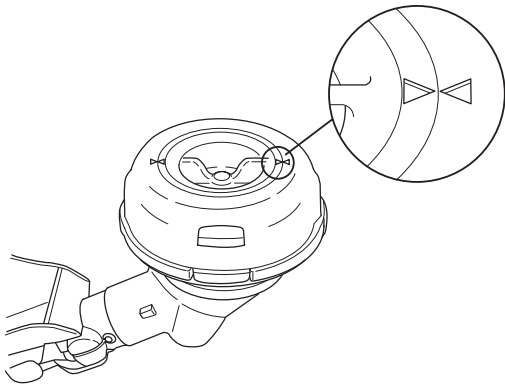
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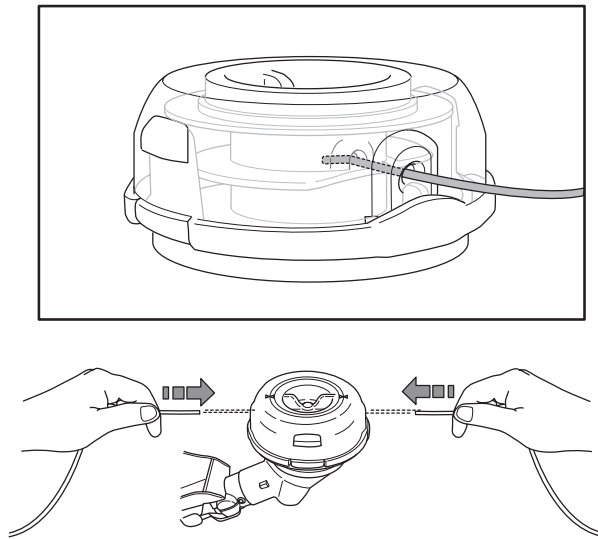
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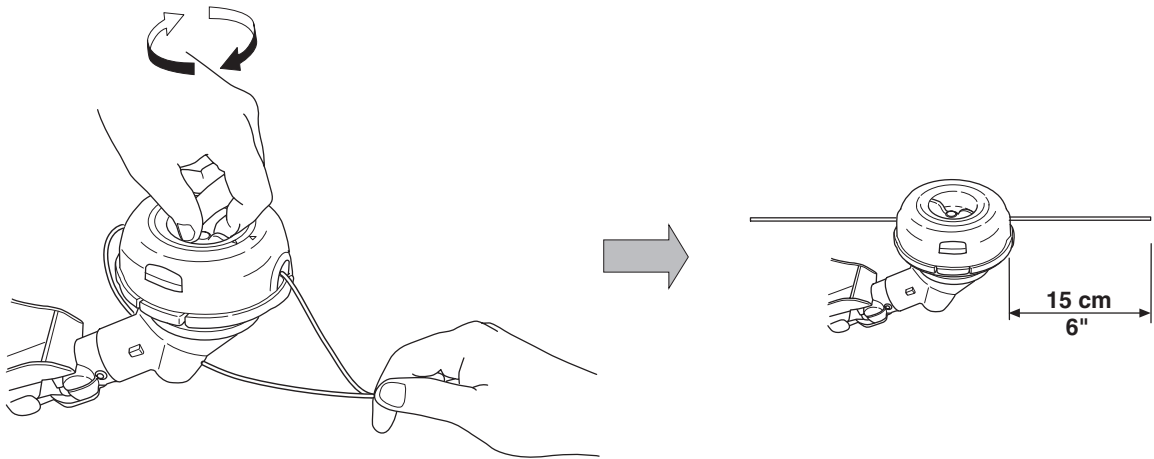
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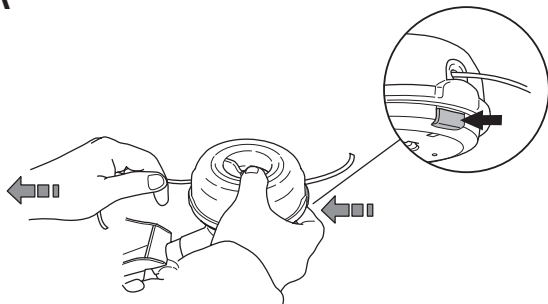
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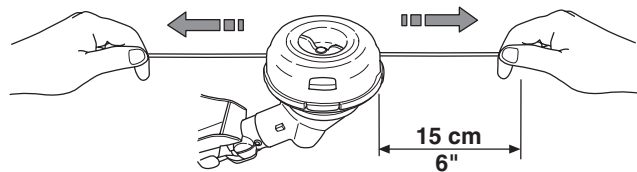
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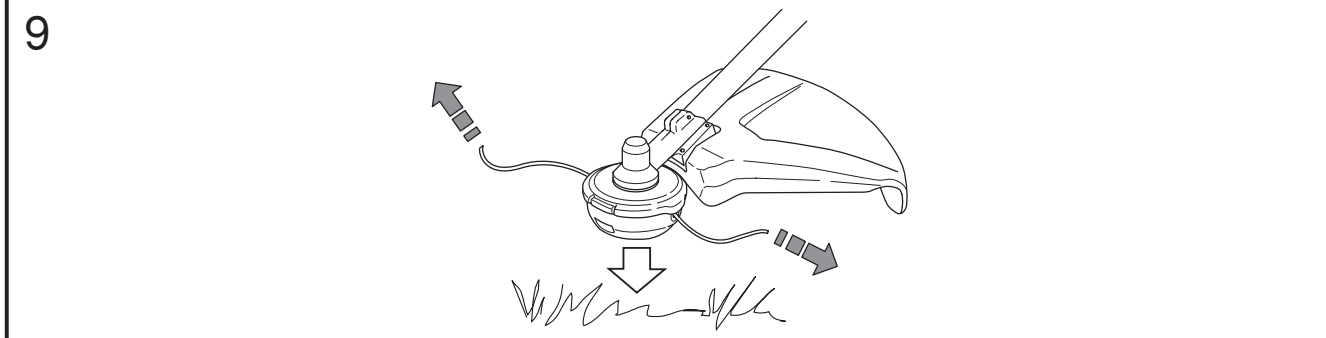
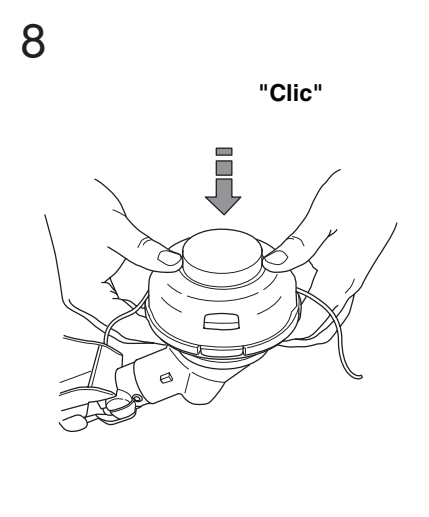
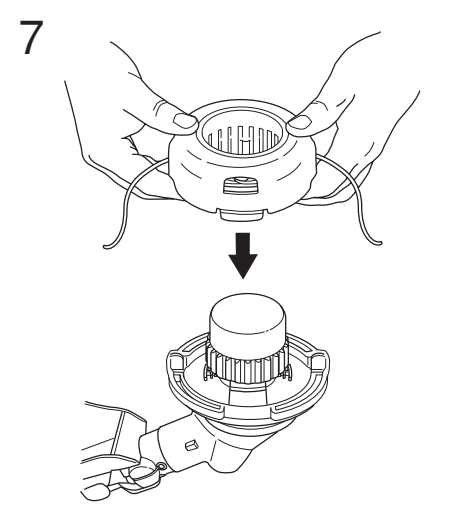
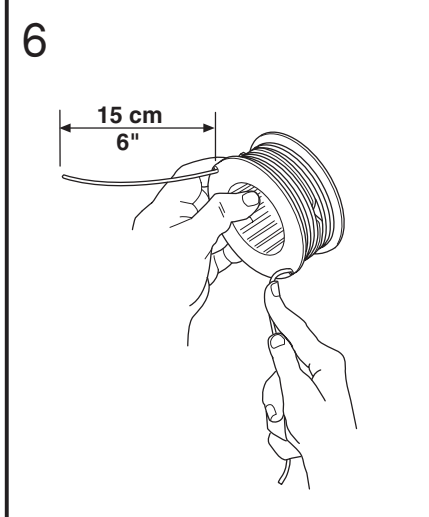
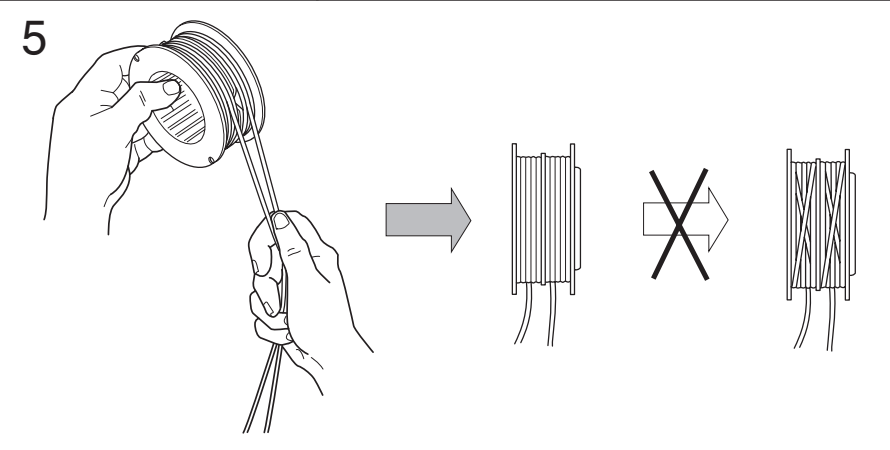
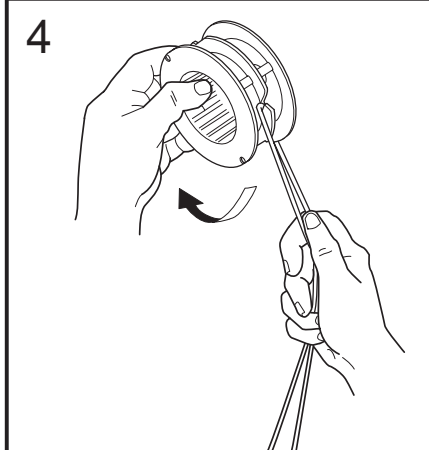
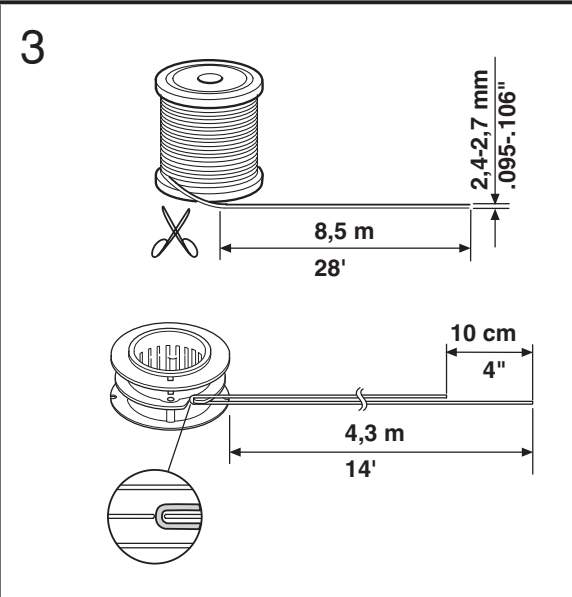
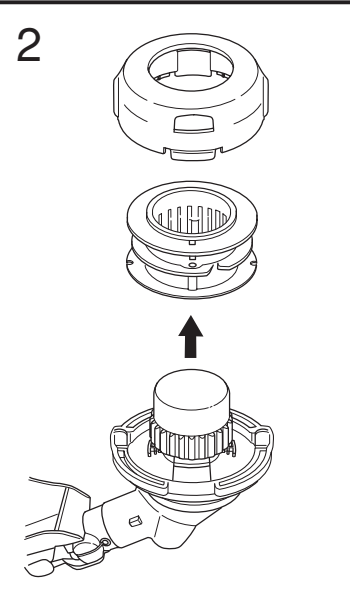
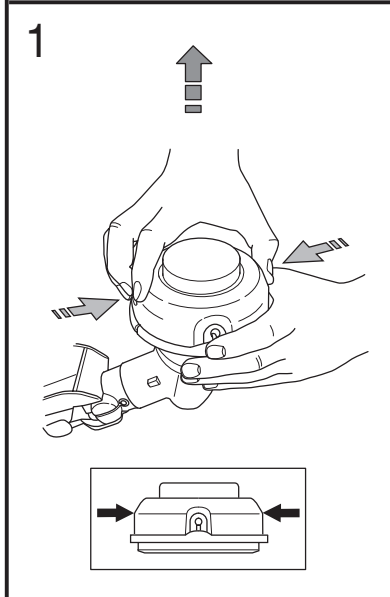
A



B



T35



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